

Low-Noise Variable Gain Low-Frequency Voltage Amplifier



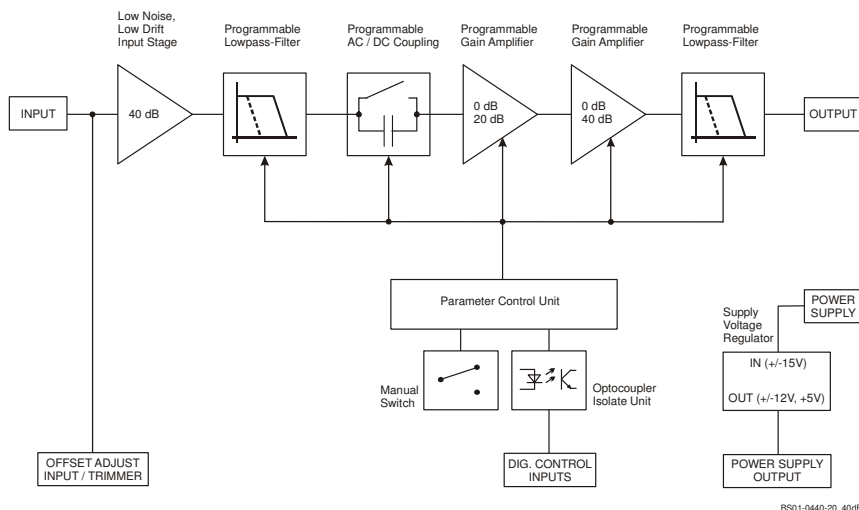
Features

- Variable gain 40 to 100 dB, switchable in 20 dB steps
- Bipolar input stage, recommended for low impedance sources smaller than 100 Ω
- Very low input voltage noise: 700 pV/√Hz
- DC-coupled, single ended
- DC-drift 0.5 μV/°C
- Bandwidth DC - 100 kHz, switchable to 1 kHz
- Switchable AC/DC-coupling
- Local and remote control

Applications

- Low-noise laboratory amplifier
- Pulsed thermal EMF analysis
- Industrial sensors
- Detector preamplifier
- Integrated measurement systems

Block Diagram

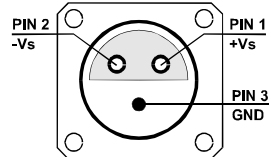


BS01-0440-20_40dB

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Specifications	<p>Test conditions $V_s = \pm 15\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, load impedance = $1\text{ M}\Omega$</p>															
Gain	<p>Gain values 40, 60, 80, 100 dB Indicated by four LEDs</p> <p>Gain accuracy $\pm 0.1\%$ (between settings) $\pm 1\%$ (overall)</p> <p>Gain flatness $\pm 0.1\text{ dB}$</p>															
Frequency Response	<p>Lower cut-off frequency DC, switchable to 1.5 Hz</p> <p>Upper cut-off frequency 100 kHz, switchable to 1 kHz</p> <p>Upper cut-off frequency rolloff 12 dB/oct.</p>															
Time Response	<p>Rise/fall time (10% - 90%) 3.5 μs (@ BW = 100 kHz) 350 μs (@ BW = 1 kHz)</p>															
Input	<p>Input impedance 1 MΩ</p> <p>Input capacitance 13 pF</p> <p>Input voltage drift 0.5 $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Equivalent input voltage noise (100 Hz ... 100 kHz)</th> <th>Gain setting</th> <th>noise</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td>100 dB</td> <td>700 pV/$\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>80 dB</td> <td>730 pV/$\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>60 dB</td> <td>860 pV/$\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>40 dB</td> <td>6 nV/$\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Equivalent input current noise 3 pA/$\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$</p> <p>1/f-noise corner 80 Hz</p> <p>Input Bias current 1 μA</p> <p>Input bias current drift 8 nA/$^\circ\text{C}$</p> <p>Input offset voltage $\pm 500\text{ }\mu\text{V}$, adjustable by offset trimmer and external control voltage</p>	Equivalent input voltage noise (100 Hz ... 100 kHz)	Gain setting	noise		100 dB	700 pV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$		80 dB	730 pV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$		60 dB	860 pV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$		40 dB	6 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
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Output	<p>Output impedance <100 Ω (terminate with > 10 kΩ load for best performance)</p> <p>Output voltage range For linear amplification $\pm 10\text{ V}$ (@ > 10 kΩ load)</p> <p>Output current (max.) $\pm 20\text{ mA}$</p> <p>Output overload recovery time 0.5 ms (after 20 x overload)</p>															
Overload LED	<p>The amplifier features a LED to indicate an overload condition. The Overload LED will turn on if the signal level within the signal path exceeds the linear operating range. In order to ensure the correct operation of the amplifier without signal distortions reduce the gain setting until the Overload LED turns off.</p> <p>The Overload LED may also turn on when the amplifier is operated with open input or with a high source resistance, e. g. external AC coupling. In this case the bias current may cause a considerable input voltage. For proper operation please use a source resistance of less than 1 kΩ or switch to a lower gain setting.</p>															
Remote Offset Control	<p>Offset control voltage range $\pm 10\text{ V}$, corresponds to $\pm 500\text{ }\mu\text{V}$ input offset voltage</p> <p>Offset control input impedance 200 kΩ</p>															
Remote Digital Control	<p>Control input voltage range Low: $-0.8\text{ ... }+0.8\text{ V}$ High: $+1.8\text{ ... }+15\text{ V}$, TTL / CMOS compatible</p> <p>Control input current 0 mA @ 0 V, 1.5 mA @ +5 V, 4.0 mA @ +12 V</p> <p>Overload output Non active: +5 V, max. 1 mA, active: 0.8 V, max. -10 mA;</p>															

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<p>Specifications (continued)</p> <p>Power Supply</p> <p>Case</p> <p>Temperature Range</p>	<p>Supply voltage $\pm 15\text{ V}$ ($\pm 14.5\text{ V}$ to $\pm 16\text{ V}$)</p> <p>Supply current $\pm 75\text{ mA}$ typ. (depends on operating conditions, recommended power supply capability min. $\pm 150\text{ mA}$)</p> <p>Weight 0.32 kg (0.7 lbs)</p> <p>Material AlMg4.5Mn, nickel-plated</p> <p>Storage temperature $-40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$</p> <p>Operating temperature $0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+60\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$</p>
<p>Absolute Maximum Ratings</p>	<p>Power supply voltage $\pm 21\text{ V}$</p> <p>Control input voltage $+16\text{ V}$ / -5 V</p> <p>Signal input voltage $\pm 0.7\text{ V}$</p> <p>Input current $\pm 25\text{ mA}$</p> <p>Overvoltage at the signal input can severely degrade the noise performance or destroy the amplifier!</p>
<p>Connectors</p>	<p>Input BNC jack (female)</p> <p>Output BNC jack (female)</p> <p>Power supply Lemo® series 1S, 3-pin fixed socket (mating plug type: FFA.1S.303.CLAC52)</p> <p>Pin 1: +15V</p> <p>Pin 2: -15V</p> <p>Pin 3: GND</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p>Control port Sub-D 25-pin, female</p> <p>Pin 1: +12 V (stabilized power supply output, max. 100 mA*)</p> <p>Pin 2: -12 V (stabilized power supply output, max. 100 mA*)</p> <p>Pin 3: AGND (analog ground)</p> <p>Pin 4: +5 V (stabilized power supply output, max. 50 mA*)</p> <p>Pin 5: digital output: overload</p> <p>Pin 6: NC</p> <p>Pin 7: NC</p> <p>Pin 8: offset control voltage input</p> <p>Pin 9: DGND (ground f. digital control Pin 10 - 25)</p> <p>Pin 10: NC</p> <p>Pin 11: digital control input: gain, LSB</p> <p>Pin 12: digital control input: gain, MSB</p> <p>Pin 13: digital control input: AC/DC</p> <p>Pin 14: digital control input: 100 kHz / 1 kHz</p> <p>Pin 15 - 25: NC</p> <p style="text-align: right;">*check power supply for maximum deliverable current</p>

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Remote Control Operation

General

Remote control input bits are opto-isolated and connected by logical OR to local switch setting.

For remote control set the corresponding local switch to "0 dB", "AC" and "1 kHz" and select the wanted setting via a bit-code at the corresponding digital inputs.

Mixed operation, e.g. local gain setting and remote controlled bandwidth setting, is also possible.

Gain setting

Gain	Pin 11	Pin 12
40 dB	low	low
60 dB	high	low
80 dB	low	high
100 dB	high	high

AC/DC setting

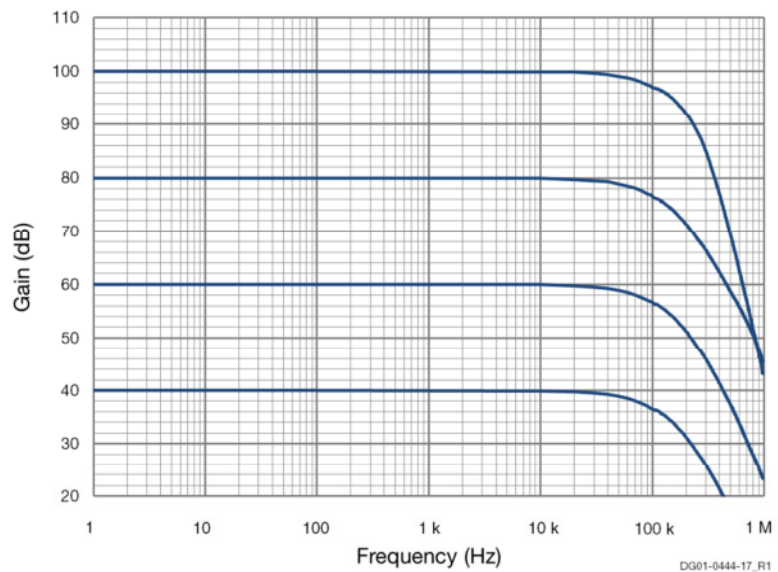
Coupling	Pin 13
AC	low
DC	high

Bandwidth setting

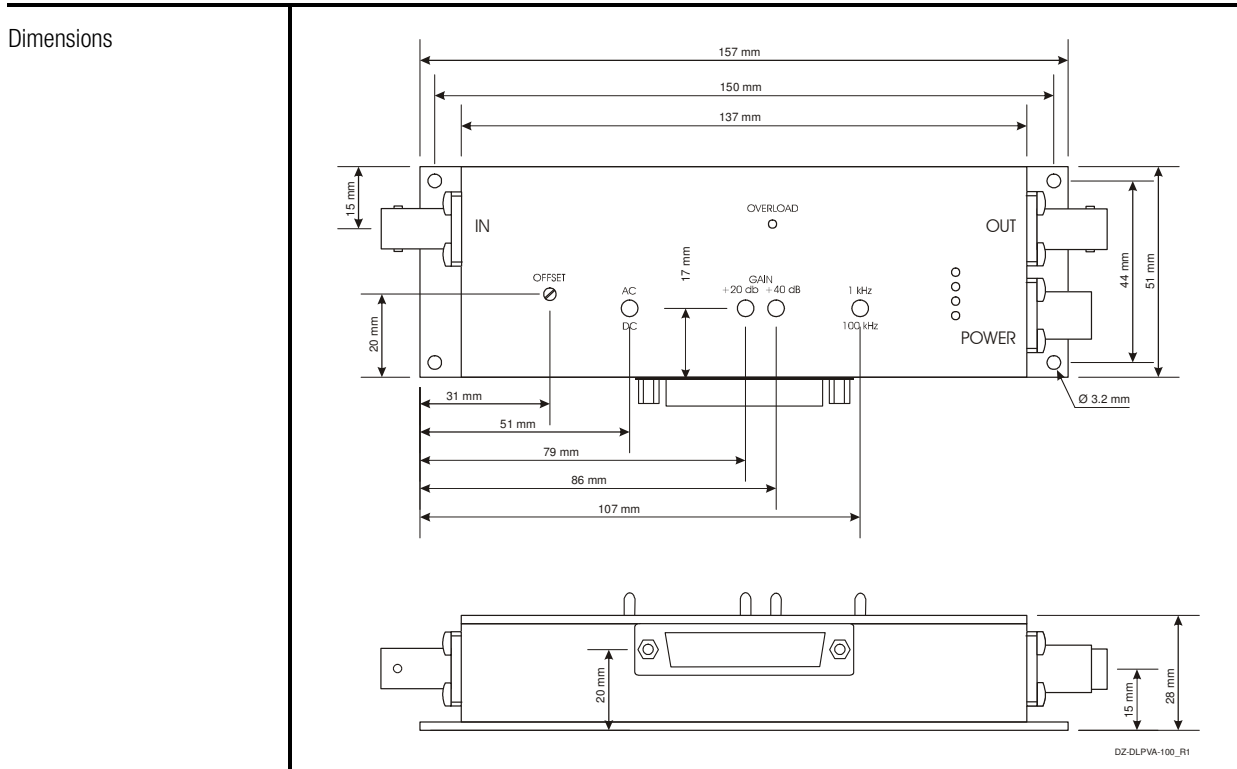
Bandwidth	Pin 14
1 kHz	low
100 kHz	high

Typical Performance
Characteristics

Frequency response (logarithmic)



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